

KAWARTHA CONSERVATION

Discover • Protect • Restore



Kawartha Stewardship Strategy & Kawartha's Naturally Connected

Kawarthas Naturally Connected Natural Heritage System Launch October 19, 2016 Holly Shipclark, Stewardship Coordinator, Kawartha Conservation

Kawartha Conservation Stewardship Strategy







The Kawartha Watershed

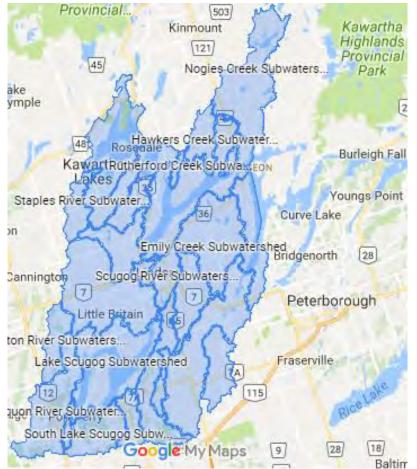
2,563 square km

Unique landscape that holds vast wetlands, and long meandering rivers that flow to and from big lakes along the Trent-Severn Waterway.

Varied land use – agricultural, rural, developed shorelines and urban.



Subwatersheds



20+ subwatersheds

Many of these have associated scientific studies and management plans which include a set of recommended stewardship actions (Lake Management Plans)

KawarthaConservation.com/Watershed



Implementing Lake Management Plans (LMPs)

We must all understand our collective impact on the lakes and be informed as to *what we can do* to help sustain a healthy lake and its watershed.

LMP Stewardship strategies are comprised of core actions focused on farms and rural lands, towns and urban lands, shoreline areas, and lake users. The primary focus is to develop an understanding of individual responsibility for effective land and soil stewardship practices at the property level.

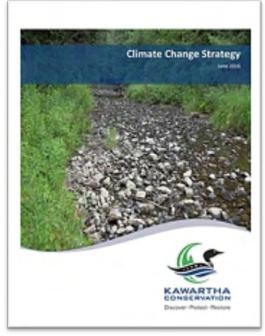
- Recommend programs types that will help to achieve the targets plan targets.



Implementing Kawartha Conservation's Climate Change Strategy

Conserving and Restoring - Increase watershed resistance to climate change and ability to mitigate it through conservation, restoration and improvement natural ecosystems

Why is it important? - Implementing recommendations will enhance local ability to adapt to changing climate conditions through further development of *green infrastructure*. The actions will support mitigation of climate change by increasing the watershed's capacity to sequester greenhouse gases by protecting water quality and quantity and natural heritage features



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...develop and deliver targeted programs and projects for agricultural, rural, urban and shoreline landowners.

Provide Access to tools

Create Awareness

Provide Recognition

Educate Youth



Landowner contact Provide Incentive Provide Technical support Demonstrate



CLIMATE CHANGE STRATEGY LAKE MANAGEMENT PLANS KAWARTHA CONSERVATION STRAT. PLAN WATERSHED REPORT CARDS FISHERIES MANAGEMENT PLANS

STEWARDSHIP PRIORITIZATION TOOL Under Development, 2016

KAWARTHA CONSERVATION WATERSHED STEWARDSHIP STRATEGY Under Development, 2016

- Better allocation of resources
- Improved "big picture" implementation and monitoring



STEWARDSHIP PRIORITIZATION TOOL Under Development, 2016

Goals:

- Improve ecological hot spots
- Maximize the shape, quality and connectivity of natural heritage features of our Natural Heritage System
- Protect and further improve high quality lands



Being Guided by Kawartha's Natural Connected, Natural Heritage System



KAWARTHAS, NATURALLY CONNECTED Working together to sustain our landscape

"A landscape that supports the needs of people and nature in a way that preserves the unique character of the Kawarthas."



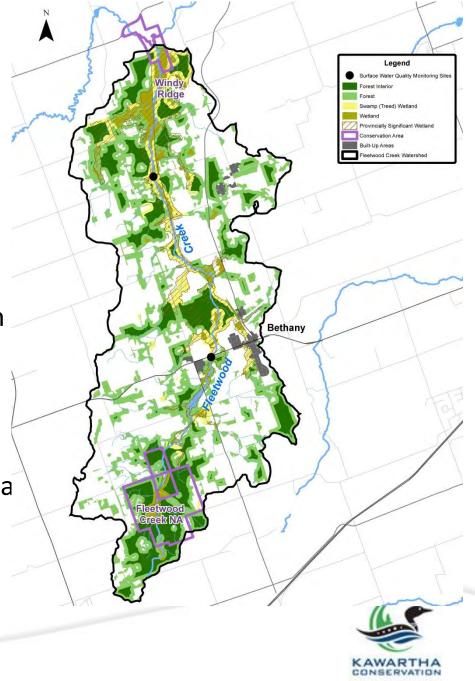
Fleetwood Creek Subwatershed

Subwatershed Characteristics

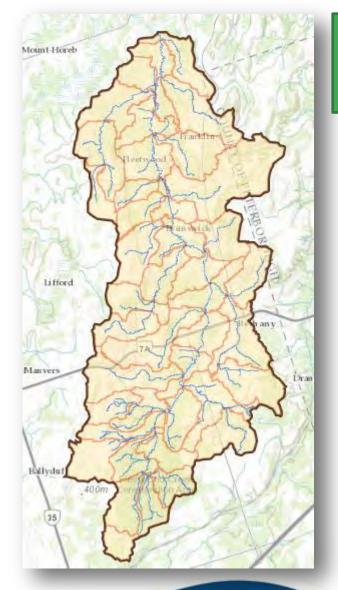
- Subwatershed area: 73 km² or 7,292ha
- Total watercourse length: 109 km
- Length of main channel: 20 km

Conservation and Natural Areas

- Fleetwood Creek Natural Area (South)
- Windy Ridge Conservation Area (North)





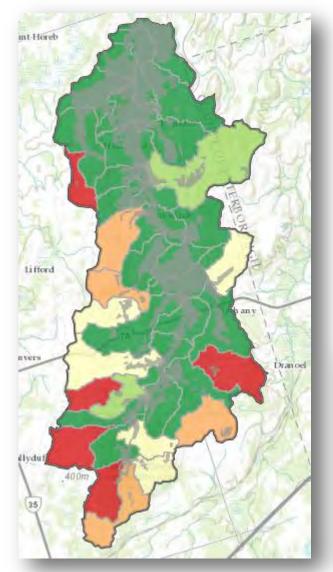


STEWARDSHIP PRIORITIZATION TOOL

Step 1 – Catchment Delineation

- Within each subwatershed delineate catchments using Arc Hydro and three key data sets
- Catchments smaller than 50 ha were merged manually
- In this study area there are 41 catchments ranging in size from 50-120 ha





Wetland cover

STEWARDSHIP PRIORITIZATION TOOL

Step 2 – Use Watershed Health Indicators to Quantify and Assign Points

Percent Wetland Cover

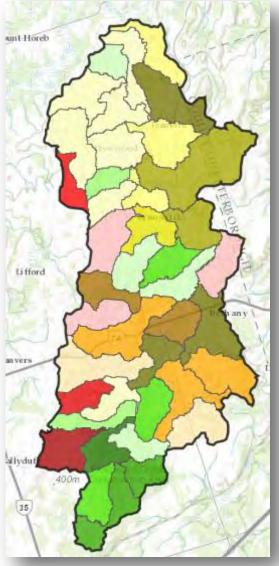
Percent_We

- > 11.5 (Point Score 5)
- 8.5 to 11.5 (Point Score 4)
- 5.6 to 8.5 (Point Score 3)
- 2.6 to 5.5 (Point Score 2)
- 0 to 2.5 (Point Score 1)

Indicators:

- Forest Cover
- Wetland Cover
- 100 & 200M Interior Forest Cover
- Natural Cover
- Riparian Cover
- Thermal Regime
- Water Quality



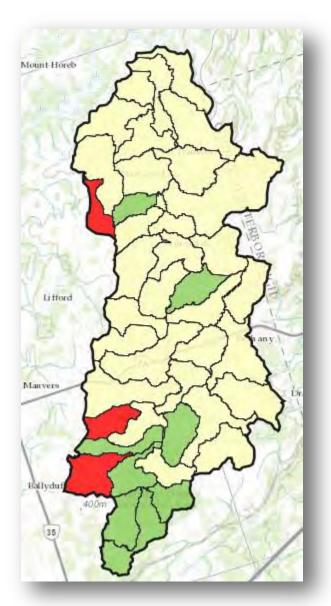


Step 3 – Calculate Total Score

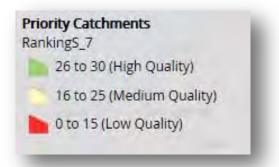
- Each catchment assigned score by adding the scores assigned for each indicator
- Possible score of 11 40



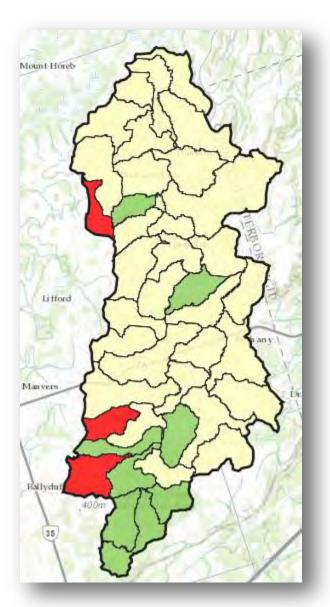
Total Score



Step 4 – Apply limits for High, Medium and Low Quality catchments



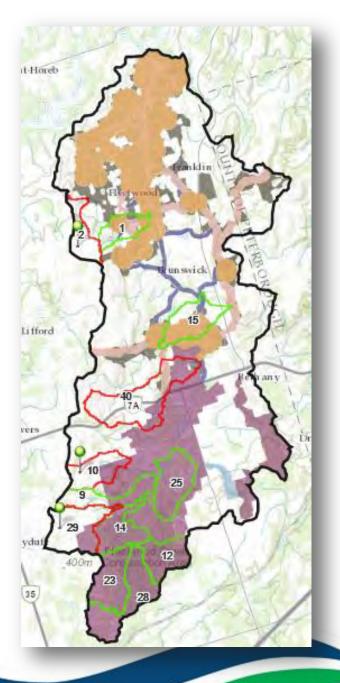




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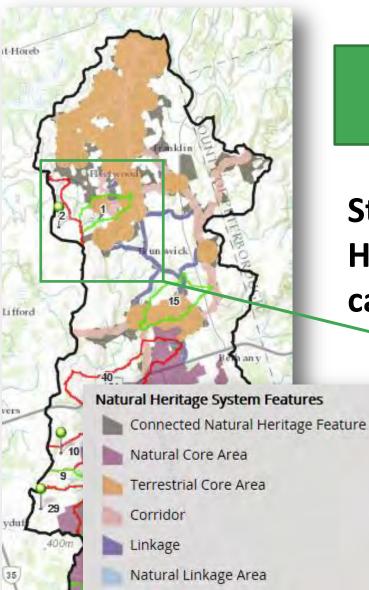




Step 5 – Overlay with Natural Heritage System and prioritize catchments

- P1 Low quality intersects with NHS
- P2 Low quality no intersect
- P3 High quality intersects with NHS
- P4 High quality no intersect

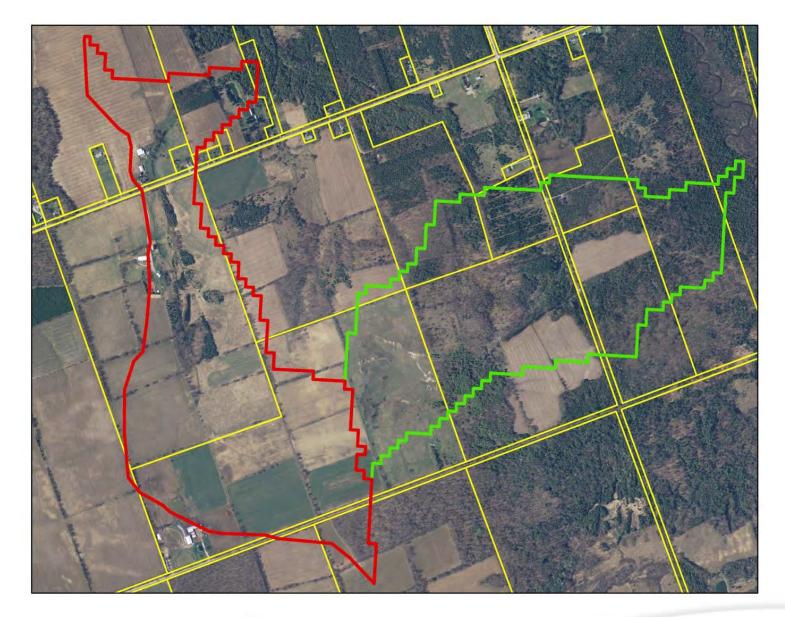




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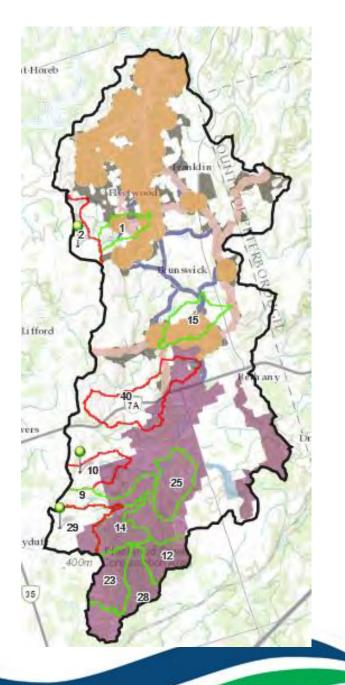












Next Steps:

- Refine catchment prioritization process
- Apply to rest Kawartha
 Watershed (the other 97%)
- Identify and improve data gaps and update model on an ongoing basis
- Implementation of stewardship projects within highest priority catchments



Thank you

Holly Shipclark Stewardship Coordinator

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